

Hook Junior School

Curriculum and Assessment Maths Examples

Year 3

Number and Place Value

Selected National Curriculum Programme of Study Statements

Pupils should be taught to:

- count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100
- work out if a given number is greater or less than 10 or 100
- recognise the place value of each digit in a 3-digit number (hundreds, tens, and ones)
- solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas

The Big Ideas

The value of a digit is determined by its position in a number.

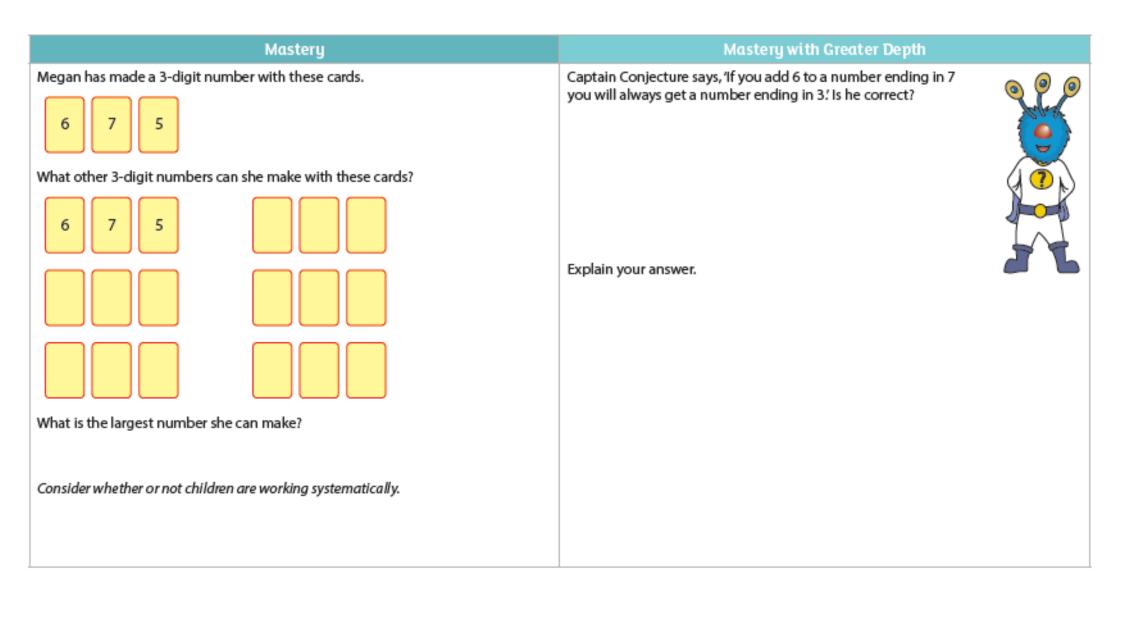
Place value is based on unitising, treating a group of things as one 'unit'. This generalises to 3 units + 2 units = 5 units (where the units are the same size).

Mastery Check

Please note that the following columns provide indicative examples of the sorts of tasks and questions that provide evidence for mastery and mastery with greater depth of the selected programme of study statements. Pupils may be able to carry out certain procedures and answer questions like the ones outlined but the teacher will need to check that pupils really understand the idea by asking questions such as 'Why?', 'What happens if ...?', and checking that pupils can use the procedures or skills to solve a variety of problems.

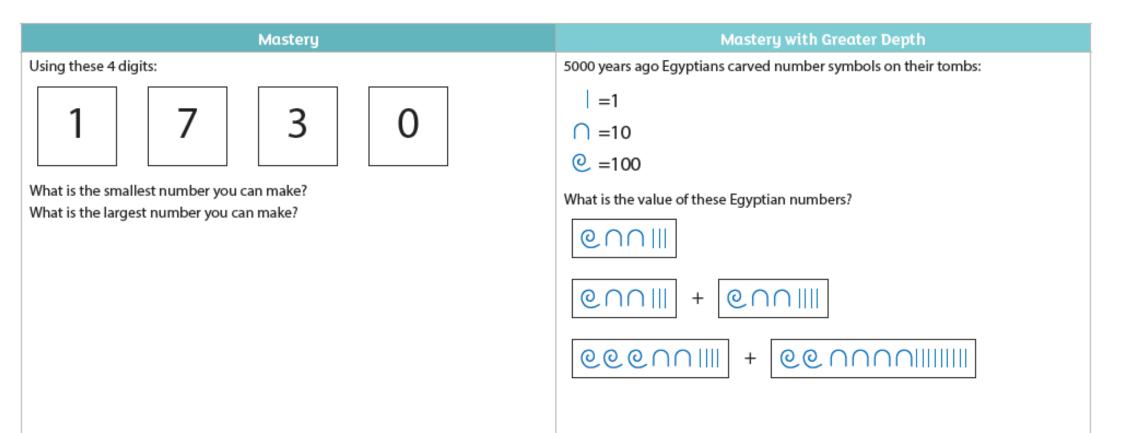
Mastery	Mastery with Greater Depth	
What number is represented in each set?	What is the value of the number represented by the counters in the place value grid?	
	100s 10s 1s	
	Using all of the counters, how many different numbers can you make? Have you made all the possible numbers?	
	Explain how you know.	

Mastery	Mastery with Greater Depth	
Find the number of pencils. Find the number of exercise books. The provided pupils to use practical equipment to deepen their understanding of place value and apply their knowledge of place value in mental and written calculation.	Captain Conjecture says 'The number in the place value grid is the largest 3-digit number you can make using all 10 counters'. 100s 10s 1s Do you agree? Explain your reasoning.	
 8 hundreds, 3 tens and 6 ones together make 457 is made of hundreds, tens and ones. 250 is made of hundreds and tens. 	674 is made of 6 hundreds, 7 tens and 4 ones. 674 is also made of 67 tens and 4 ones. 674 is also made of 6 hundreds and 74 ones. Find different ways of expressing: 630 704 867	



Year 4

Mastery	Mastery with Greater Depth	
What temperature is 20 degrees lower than 6 degrees Celsius?	Can you draw a fish at –35 m? Can you draw a seagull at 20 m above sea level? What would the position of your fish and the seagull be if each of the intervals on the lighthouse represented 7 m?	
Kiz has these numbers: 1330 1303 1033 1003 1030 He writes them in order from smallest to largest. What is the fourth number he writes? Gemma counts on in 25s from 50. Circle the numbers that she will say: 990 550 125 755 150	Here is a sequence of numbers: 20, 30, 40, 50 What will the nineteenth number in the sequence be? What will the hundredth number in the sequence be?	
Match 4600 to numbers with the same value. 460 tens 460 hundreds 4600 ones 4600 ones	How many different ways can you write 5510? Pupils should suggest answers such as: 551 tens 55 hundreds and 1 ten 5 thousands and 510 ones	



Mastery **Mastery with Greater Depth** Fill in the missing numbers. Fill in the missing digits. 352 +=480= 2003+6 70 + 99 += 270+300 = 1557=4788-55 = 840 - 2468 = 5092-3000 = 600What do you notice about the calculations below? Find the missing numbers. Can you find easy ways to calculate? What do you notice? Make 9999 Make 9998 Make 9990 5230 + 400 = 5023 + 28 =5000 + 4000 =5000+ 5023 + = 99995230 += 9998 4000 + 5000 =4230 + 500 =4023 + 28 =4000 += 9999 4230 + =99984023 + 3000 + 6000 =3230 + 600 =3023 + 28 =3000 += 99993230 + 3023 + = 99982000 + 7000 =2230 + 700 =2023 + 28 =2000 += 99992230 + = 9998 2023 +1000 + 8000 =1230 + 800 =1023 + 48 =1000 +1230 +1023 += 9999= 9998 Fill in the empty boxes to make the equations correct. Complete this diagram so that the three numbers in each row and column add up to 140. 3 = 999 50 20 3 = 1000

60

Now create your own diagram with a total of 250.

30

= 9990

= 9990

= 9990

= 9990

= 9990

Year 5

Mastery	Mastery with Greater Depth		
What can we say about 48 000?	Using all of the digits from 0 to 9, write down a 10-digit number.		
It is less than 50000. It is made of 40000 and together. It is made of hundreds. It is made of tens.	What is the largest number you can write? What is the smallest number you can write? Write down the number that is one less than the largest number. Write down the number that is one more than the smallest number. Captain Conjecture says, 'Using the digits 0 to 9 we can write any number, no matter how large or small.' Do you agree? Explain your reasoning.		
The temperature at 6 a.m. was recorded each day for one week.	The temperature at 6 a.m. was recorded each day for one week.		
Day Mon Tues Wed Thurs Fri Sat Sun	Day Mon Tues Wed Thurs Fri Sat Sun		
Temp (°C) 1 -1 0 3 2 -2 -3	Temp (°C) 1 -1 0 3 2 -2 -3		
What was the coldest morning? What was the warmest morning? What is the difference in temperature between Monday and Tuesday? Place the recorded temperatures in order from smallest to largest.	What is the difference in temperature between the coldest day and the warmest day? At what time of year do you think these temperatures were recorded? Do you think it might have snowed during the week? Explain your reasoning.		

Mastery	Mastery with	Greater Depth
Write four number facts that this bar diagram shows. 9⋅5 3⋅8 5⋅7 + = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	Use this number sentence to write down that sum to 3: 1·6 + 1·4 = 3	n three more pairs of decimal numbers
Captain Conjecture says, 'When working with whole numbers, if you add two 2-digit numbers together the answer cannot be a 4-digit number.' Do you agree? Explain your reasoning.	Captain Conjecture says, 'If you keep subwill eventually reach 0.' Do you agree? Explain your reasoning.	otracting 3 from 397 you

Mastery

Mastery with Greater Depth

The table shows the cost of train tickets from different cities.

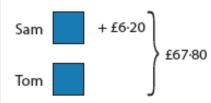
What is the total cost for a return journey to York for one adult and two children? How much more does it cost for two adults to make a single journey to Hull than to Leeds?

		York	Hull	Leeds
Adult	Single	£13·50	£16-60	£11-00
	Return	£24-50	£30-00	£20-00
Child	Single	£9·75	£11-00	£8-00
	Return	£15-00	£18·50	£13·50

Sam and Tom have £67-80 between them.

If Sam has £6-20 more than Tom, how much does Tom have?

The bar model can help children solve these type of problems, please visit ncetm.org for further information on how to build understanding.



$$£67.80 - £6.20 = £61.60$$

£61.60
$$\div$$
 2 = £30.80

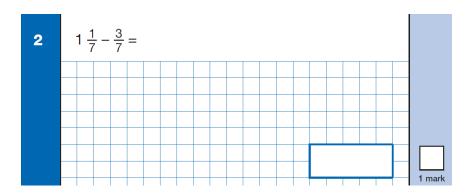
Year 6

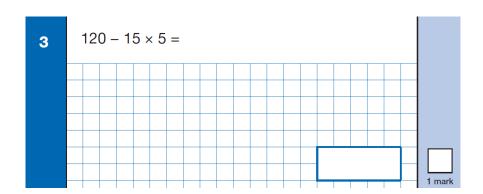
Mastery	Mastery with Greater Depth
Put these numbers in order, from smallest to largest. 3·3, 3·03, 3·33, 3·303, 3·033 5834, 61·8 multiplied by 100, one tenth of 45813 0·034, 3·6 divided by 100, ten times 0·0033 -4·4, -4·44, -4·04, -4·404	Eduardo says, 'The the population of Mexico City is 11 million (to the nearest million) and the population of New York is 11-2 million (to the nearest hundred thousand).' He says, 'The population of New York must be bigger than the population of Mexico City because 11-2 million is bigger than 11 million.' Do you agree with him?
Estimate the answer to 4243 + 1734 by rounding the numbers to: the nearest 1000 the nearest 100 the nearest 50 the nearest 10.	Three pupils are asked to estimate the answer to the sum 4243 + 1734. Andrew says, 'To the nearest 100, the answer will be 5900.' Bilal says, 'To the nearest 50, the answer will be 6000.' Cheng says, 'To the nearest 10, the answer will be 5970.' Do you agree with Andrew, Bilal or Cheng? Can you explain their reasoning?
The population of Shanghai is 21 million, to the nearest million. Each person weighs on average 70 kg. Estimate the total weight of all the people in Shanghai. Do you think your answer is more or less than the actual answer you'd get if you weighed everyone in Shanghai accurately?	The total population of Shanghai is 21 million, to the nearest million. If at lunchtime everyone in Shanghai eats a bowl of rice, how many grains of rice do you estimate are eaten each lunchtime?

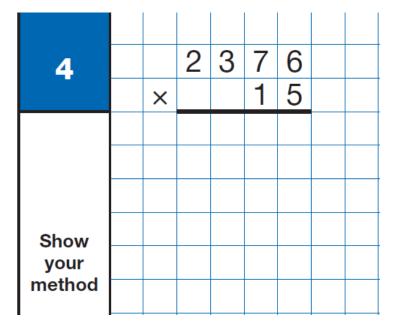
Mastery			Mastery with Greater Depth
A scientist measures the depth of some objects below the surface of the sea. She records her measurements using negative numbers.			A scientist measured the temperature each day for one week at 06:00. On Sunday the temperature was 1.6°C.
Object Depth]	
Coral reef	-2 m	On Tuesday the temp	On Monday the temperature had fallen by 3°C. On Tuesday the temperature had fallen by 2·1°C.
Shipwreck	–11 m		On Wednesday the temperature had risen by 1-6°C.
Pirate treasure	four times as deep as the coral reef		On Thursday the temperature had risen by 4.2°C.
Sleeping shark	3 metres above the shipwreck		On Friday the temperature had fallen by 0-9°C.
Which object is deepest? Explain your choice.			On Saturday the temperature had risen by 0.2°C. What was the temperature on Saturday?
Is the sleeping shark deeper than the pirate treasure? Explain your reasoning.		rplain your reasoning.	
A seagull is hovering 1 m above the surface of the sea. How far apart are the seagull and the coral reef?		low far apart are the	

Test examples for the End of Key Stage Two:

Paper 1:







5 2 8 1 6 5 2

Paper 2 and 3: applied and contextualised

7 Complete this sentence.

Every number with a factor of **10** must also have factors of

and and

1 mark

One toffee apple needs:

1 stick,

100g of sugar,

1 apple.







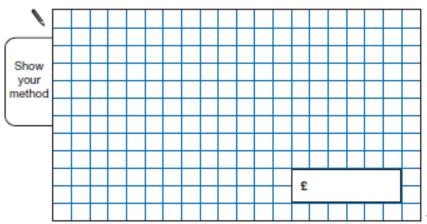


Children buy just enough sticks, sugar and apples to make 100 toffee apples.

They sell all 100 toffee apples for £1 each.

The profit goes to charity.

Work out how much money goes to charity.



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